

The primary purpose of the public school is education. In order for students to learn and teachers to teach, an atmosphere conducive to learning must be maintained.

Good behavior and classroom discipline are necessary if learning is to take place. The purpose of the Nashua School District's Student Behavior Standards is to ensure that a safe and orderly environment is maintained for everyone. These rules are in effect for all Nashua School students at any school function, school-sponsored event, school bus stop or bus ride.

As students grow and mature, they are expected to accept greater behavioral responsibilities. These standards are designed to guide students through the process of learning good discipline and to outline the consequences of disruptive behavior. There are situations which will warrant minor disciplinary responses at the elementary level (grades K-5), while the same situation will result in a more severe response at the middle (grades 6-8) and high school (grades 9-12) levels. Although the responses may differ, the Student Behavior Standards remain constant. *Students should be aware that, in addition to the violations listed, other infractions may be included as part of the individual school rules and regulations.* These rules and regulations will be communicated to parents and students annually, either in writing or through references to their location on the

In addition, anyone who is a student in the Nashua School District, who commits an act of vandalism involving school property outside of the normal school day, or during non-school days, shall be held accountable under this policy. Any perceived threatening act towards any employee of the Nashua School District after normal school hours and days, will fall under the Student Behavior Standards.

### **Goals**

to maintain an orderly, safe and structured environment.  
through which individuals learn and demonstrate expected, appropriate behaviors.  
in which students accept responsibility for their own behaviors and respect the rights of others.

### **Expectations**

The entire community has a vested interest in the discipline program within our schools. Successful implementation of a thoughtfully constructed discipline policy is a benefit to the entire community both for the present and for the future. Habits of self-

will have a positive influence on building stronger family bonds;  
will enhance the opportunity for better relationships within the workplace and the community.

All staff and students have an important role to play in supporting the discipline program within our schools. This includes the responsibility for non-teaching staff to appropriately report student offenses to a teacher, supervisor or administrator. This also includes an expectation that each student will take responsibility to:

be in charge of his/her own behavior  
comply with school rules at all times  
arrive at school and to class on time  
be prepared to learn  
honor the teacher's duty to teach and other students' right to learn  
attend school daily  
tell school staff about any discipline concerns he/she may have

**Classes of Student Violations**

Student violations are divided into three classes - Minor, Moderate, and Severe. They are described below.

**Class III Offenses (Minor)**

Class III Offenses will generally be addressed through in-class and/or in-school disciplinary actions, such as detentions and other strategies initiated by the teacher or administrator.

Teachers or principals may issue after school detentions. When an after-school detention is assigned to an elementary school student, the principal or designee will contact the parent/guardian to mutually agree upon the day and time of the detention, as well as the plan and method of returning the child home.

When an after-school detention is assigned to a middle or high school student, a 24-hour notice is required.

**Class II Offenses (Moderate)**

Class II Offenses will generally require more severe disciplinary actions consisting primarily of Extended Day Detentions (EDD), which are generally assigned by administrators and run for 90 minutes after school. For more serious Class II Offenses In-School Suspensions (ISS) or Out-of-School Suspensions (OSS) may be assigned. A student assigned an in-school suspension reports to an in-school suspension center at his or her school during normal school hours. A student assigned an out-of-school suspension remains under the supervision of a parent or guardian away from the school during the day(s) he or she is suspended.

**Class I Offenses (Severe)**

Class I Offenses are of an extremely serious nature and generally will warrant out-of-school suspensions by principals and/or expulsion by the Board of Education.

All suspensions and expulsions will be handled as outlined on Pages 6-11 of this document.

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By implementing uniform student behavior standards, the Nashua School District can provide a safe, educational environment that is consistently maintained throughout all schools and enforced by all teachers and administrators.

Listed below are the general responses to offenses by class. In individual instances, a principal may change the school's response to an offense to either a more serious class or a less serious class depending upon specific circumstances justifying a response which does not follow the normal prescriptive process.

**Class III Offenses (Minor)**

Class III Offenses usually occur in the classroom or other less structured settings under the teacher's supervision. Occasionally, the teacher will have to call on other people for assistance, but the responses at this level usually do not require the intervention of a building administrator. A response to a Class III offense will generally proceed as follows:

- A. The teacher shall discuss the matter with the student, and warn the student that the continued misbehavior will result in the loss of certain privileges.
- B. The teacher may then proceed, as appropriate, with any of the following corrective actions:
  - Separate the student within the classroom.
  - Contact parent/guardian by telephone, note or email.
  - Have the student present when calling a parent/guardian at home or work to explain misbehavior.
  - Have the student write a letter to a parent/guardian explaining his/her misbehavior; require the parent/guardian to sign the letter.
  - Develop a student behavioral contract.





Truancy/skipping school	Class III	Class II	Class II
Use of profanity and/or obscene language or gestures	Class III	Class II	Class II
Disrespectful behavior towards others	Class III	Class II	Class II
Possession of any demeaning publication or material including, but not limited to, the following areas: race, color, ethnic origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation and disability status	Class III	Class II	Class II
Forgery	Class III	Class II	Class II
Conduct which is emotionally injurious to others; see also response to bullying	Class II	Class II	Class II
Reckless behavior/endangering others	Class II	Class II	Class II
Harassment of an ethnic, racial, sexual or religious nature, including but not limited to: conduct or comments that threaten physical violence; offensive, unsolicited remarks; unwelcome gestures or physical contact, including unsolicited propositions to engage in sexual acts; and verbal abuse or insults about, or directed at, any faculty, staff, and/or student	Class II	Class I	Class I
Defacing or vandalizing school property or the personal property of others	Class II	Class II	Class II



complete schoolwork while serving their suspensions.

For work not completed during an out-of-school suspension, it is the student's responsibility to meet with his/her teacher during the subject teacher's after school make-up time. Failure to make and to keep this appointment with the teacher may jeopardize the make-up option. The purpose of this meeting will be to determine the extent of the schoolwork and to establish a timeline for its completion. Students will be granted a minimum of one day's time per each day of suspension to make up their schoolwork, not to exceed a maximum of ten school days from the date the assignment was provided by the teacher.

### **School Activities**

During the time that a high school student is suspended he/she loses the privilege of participating in all school sponsored athletic, extra-curricular and co-curricular activities for that period. Students may also lose privileges during days in which the student is serving an extended day detention.

During the time that a middle school student is suspended he/she loses the privilege of participating in all school sponsored athletic, extra-curricular and co-curricular activities for that period. Students may also lose the privilege of participating in school sponsored athletic, extra-curricular and co-curricular activities, as well as field trips if they are placed on academic probation through school accountability programs.

### **Procedures for Student Disciplinary Action**

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that all students subject to disciplinary procedures have been afforded due process, and that all disciplinary actions conform to RSA 193:13, the IDEA, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, New Hampshire Rules for the Education of Children with Disabilities, policies of the Nashua Board of Education, and the Safe School Zone Act. Whenever a student is suspended or expelled, he or she may receive a copy of his/her rights.

A school administrator may suspend a student for up to ten (10) days for disciplinary reasons. The Principal may request the Superintendent or designee to suspend the student up to an additional ten (10) days. The Superintendent may request the expulsion of a student for disciplinary reasons.

### **Short-term Suspension (a suspension of up to ten (10) days)**

A school administrator shall meet with the student to discuss the student's conduct and shall:

- a. At the outset of the meeting, inform the student of the nature of the violation;
- b. inform the student of the nature of the evidence and facts upon which the administrator is making his/her decision;
- c. receive information and evidence from the student on his/her behalf; including presentation of any mitigating factors; and,

The school administrator shall make every reasonable effort to contact the parent as soon as possible after the disciplinary action. The Principal or designee shall immediately provide the student and parent/guardian a letter explaining the disciplinary action. The letter shall set forth:

- a. an explanation of the charge(s) against the student, and a brief summary of the evidence;
- b. the disciplinary action taken by the school administrator;
- c. the period of time covered by the disciplinary action;
- d. notice of the school administrator's intention to request further disciplinary action either by the Superintendent of Schools or designee, or the Nashua Board of Education; and,
- e. notice that the parent/guardian may request to meet with the school administrator to review the discipline.

The Principal or designee shall hand deliver this letter in a meeting with the parent/guardian and/or student, email the letter to the parent/guardian and student, or send it to the parent/guardian and student by U.S. mail

to the last known address.

Special education students may be subject to short-term suspensions consistent with the procedures afforded non-disabled students under this section. When any suspension of a special education student results in an accumulative suspension during a school year in excess of ten (10) days, then the procedures for long-term suspension of a special education student are applicable.

**Long-term Suspension (a suspension of eleven (11) to twenty (20) days)**

The Superintendent or designee, upon receiving a request from a Principal for a long-term suspension shall schedule a hearing. If practical, this hearing shall be scheduled prior to the end of the initial ten-day suspension imposed by the Principal. If the hearing is not held prior to the expiration of the initial ten-day suspension, the student shall be allowed to return to school until the hearing is held.

Prior notice of a hearing before the Superintendent or designee shall be provided to the student and the

- a. an explanation of the charge(s) against the student and a brief summary of the evidence;
- b. the date, time, and location of the hearing;
- c.



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shall render a decision within one (1) week of the hearing and provide the student with written notice of its decision.

**Expulsion of Special Education Students**

If a special education student is recommended for expulsion, the student and the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) shall be provided with the same written notice as non-disabled students. This written notice shall also advise the student and the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) of their rights under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), including the right to disagree with any change of placement and to appeal decisions of the student's I.E.P. Team and the Nashua Board of Education.

shall be convened no later than ten (10) business days after the event giving rise to the request for expulsion for the purpose of conducting a manifestation determination review, a functional behavioral assessment and to make a determination of an appropriate forty-five (45) day interim alternative educational placement. If the I

r further disciplinary action. Should the special education student be expelled following a hearing before the Board of Education or its subcommittee, the I.E.P. Team must then propose and offer an alternative long-term placement where the be delivered.

The recommendation for the long-